

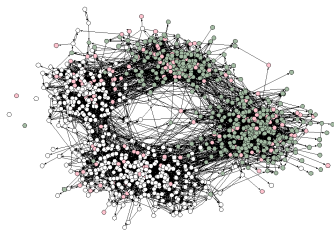
node *mixing*

introduction to *network analysis* (*ina*)

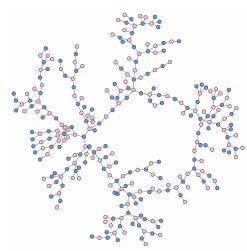
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## mixing *definition*

- *node mixing* = *correlations between linked* nodes
- in *assortative mixing* nodes are *linked to similar* others
- in *disassortative mixing* nodes *linked to dissimilar* others



assortative mixing by age/race



disassortative mixing by gender

## mixing *degree*

- special case of *node mixing by degree* [New02]
- majority of *social networks degree assortative*
- most *other networks* are *degree disassortative*

$$p_{kk'} = k \frac{k'}{2m-1} = m \frac{kk'}{\binom{2m}{2}} \approx \frac{kk'}{2m}$$



celebrity hubs date hubs  
but  $10^3/10^8 = 0.00001$



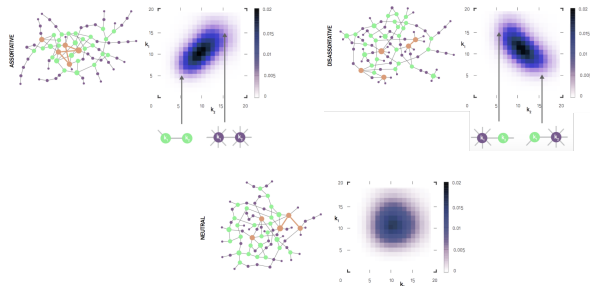
protein hubs avoid hubs  
but  $p_{56,13} = 0.16 \gg p_{1,2} = 0.0004$

# mixing *matrix*

- *endpoints degree distribution*  $e_{kk'}$  defined as
  - $e_{kk'}$  is *link probability* between *degree- $k$*  & *- $k'$*  nodes
  - $q_k$  is *neighbor non-excess degree distribution*  $\frac{kp_k}{\langle k \rangle}$

$$\sum_{kk'} e_{kk'} = 1 \quad \sum_{k'} e_{kk'} = q_k = n_k \frac{k}{2m-1} \approx \frac{kp_k}{\langle k \rangle}$$

$e_{kk'} = q_k q_{k'}$  in *neutral networks* but impractical for (*dis*)*assortative networks*

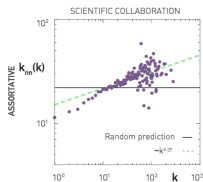


# mixing *exponent*

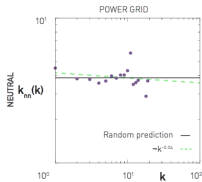
- *neighbor degree function*  $k_{nn}$  [PSVV01] defined as
  - $k_{nn}(k)$  is *average neighbor degree* of *degree- $k$*  nodes
  - $P(k'|k)$  is *link probability* of *degree- $k$*  to *- $k'$*  node
  - $\mu$  is *degree mixing power-law exponent* [VPSV02]

$$k_{nn}(k) = \sum_{k'} k' P(k'|k) = \sum_{k'} k' \frac{e_{kk'}}{\sum_{k'} e_{kk'}}$$

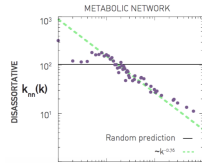
$k_{nn} = \frac{\langle k^2 \rangle}{\langle k \rangle}$  in *neutral networks* and  $k_{nn}(k) \sim k^\mu$  in (*dis*)*assortative networks*



$$\mu = 0.37 \pm 0.11$$



$$\mu = -0.04 \pm 0.05$$



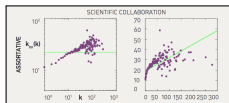
$$\mu = -0.76 \pm 0.04$$

# mixing coefficient

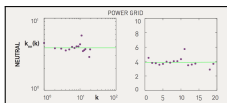
- degree mixing coefficient  $r$  [New02, Est11] defined as
  - $r$  is Pearson correlation of linked nodes' degrees [New03]
  - $q_k$  is neighbor excess degree distribution  $\frac{(k+1)p_{k+1}}{\langle k \rangle}$

$$r = \frac{\sum_{kk'} kk' (e_{kk'} - q_k q_{k'})}{\sum_k k^2 q_k - (\sum_k k q_k)^2}$$

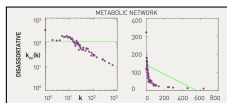
$r = 0$  in neutral networks and  $k_{nn}(k) \sim rk$  in (dis)assortative networks



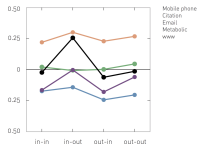
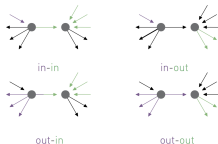
$r = 0.13$



$r = 0$



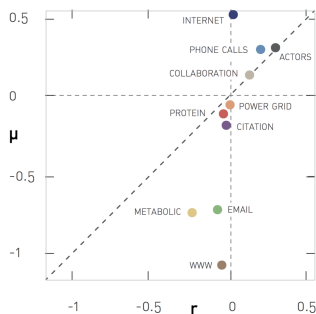
$r = -0.04$



# mixing *networks*

- *coefficient & exponent*  $r$  &  $\mu$  in real networks [Bar16]
- $r$  &  $\mu$  *correlate* in *assortative* regime and  $\text{sgn}(r) = \text{sgn}(\mu)$

NETWORK	N	$r$	$\mu$
Internet	192,244	0.02	0.56
WWW	325,729	-0.05	-1.11
Power Grid	4,941	0.003	0.0
Mobile Phone Calls	36,595	0.21	0.33
Email	57,194	-0.08	-0.74
Science Collaboration	23,133	0.13	0.16
Actor Network	702,388	0.31	0.34
Citation Network	449,673	-0.02	-0.18
E. Coli Metabolism	1,039	-0.25	-0.76
Protein Interactions	2,018	0.04	-0.1



## mixing *structural*

— *structural disassortativity*  $\frac{E_{kk'}}{m_{kk'}} > 1$  [MSZ04] in real networks

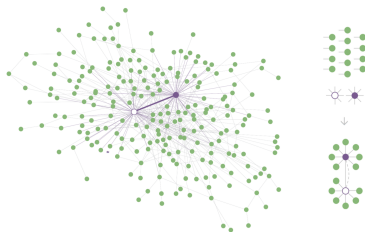
–  $E_{kk'}$  is *number of links* between *degree- $k$  &  $-k'$*  nodes

–  $m_{kk'}$  is *maximum*  $E_{kk'}$  hence  $\min(kn_k, k'n_{k'}, n_k n_{k'})$

$$E_{kk'} = 2me_{kk'} = \langle k \rangle ne_{kk'}$$

*natural cutoff*  $k_{\max} \sim n^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}}$  and *structural cutoff*  $k_s \sim \sqrt{\langle k \rangle n}$

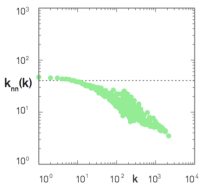
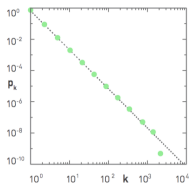
— *structural disassortativity* in *scale-free* networks with  $\gamma < 3$



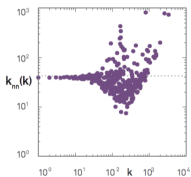
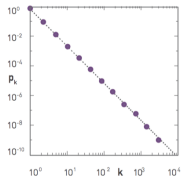
$$k = 55 \text{ and } k' = 46 \text{ then } E_{kk'} = 2.81 > 1$$



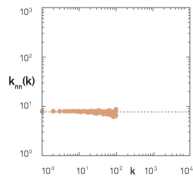
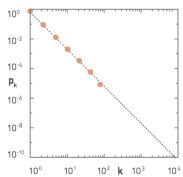
# mixing *scale-free*



*configuration scale-free* network as *simple graph*

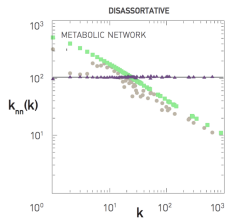
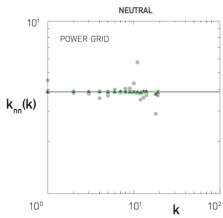
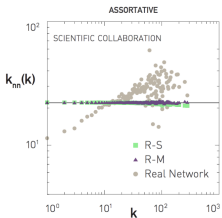
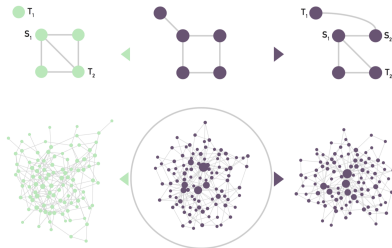


*configuration scale-free* network as *multigraph*



*configuration scale-free* network *without hubs*  $k \geq k_s$

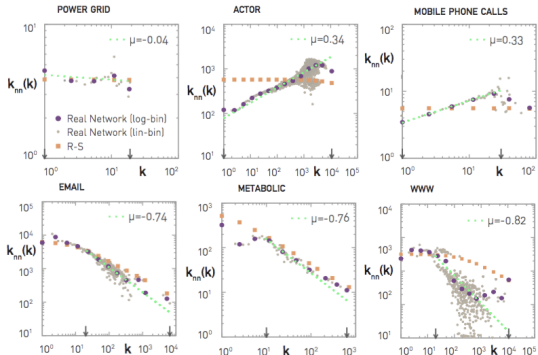
# mixing *randomization*



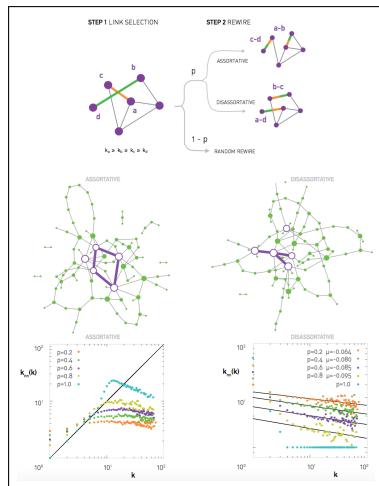
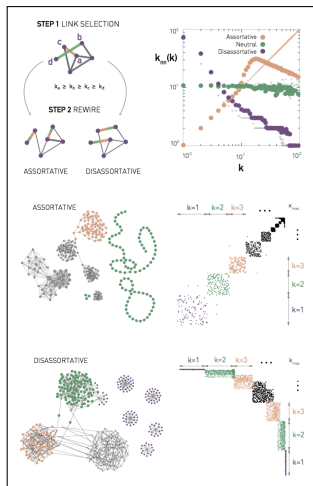
*degree-preserving randomization* with *simple/multi* links *retains/destroys* structural *disassortativity*

# mixing *networks*

- *neighbor degree*  $k_{nn}$  in real networks [Bar16]
- *collaboration assortative* and *technological neutral*
- *biological/information (structurally) disassortative*



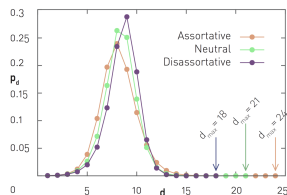
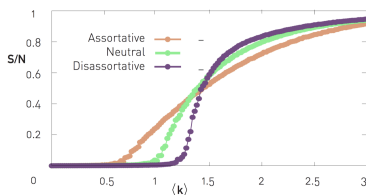
# mixing *models*



(dis)assortative degree-preserving randomization [XBS05]

# mixing *impact*

- *degree mixing* impacts *connectivity* and *distances* [New02]
- *assortative mixing* coexists with *community structure* [NP03]
- *mixing* influences *resilience* [VM03] and *controllability* [LSB11]



## mixing *references*



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