preferential attachment

introduction to network analysis (ina)

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preferential attachment

- generative models reason about network evolution
- cumulative advantage process of Price model [Pri76]
- preferential attachment of Barabási-Albert model [BA99]

Pólya process Yule process Zipf's law Matthew effect *rich-get-richer* proportional growth cumulative advantage see preferential attachment model **NetLogo** demo



Derek de Solla Price



Albert-László Barabási

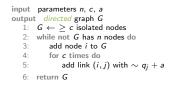


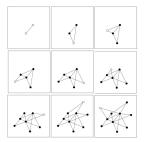
Réka Albert

preferential G(n, c, a) model

- G(n, c, a) cumulative advantage model [Pri76]
- each new node *i* forms $k_i^{out} = c > 0$ directed links
- node *j* receives link with probability $\sim k_j^{in} + a = q_j + a > 0$

n, c, a given p_q unknown





preferential G(n, c, a) equation

— master equation for in-degree distribution $p_q(n)$

 $\begin{array}{l} - \ p_q(n) \text{ is in-degree distribution } p_q \ at \ time \ n \\ & \frac{q_{i+a}}{\sum_i q_{i+a}} = \frac{q_{i+a}}{n(c+a)} \qquad cnp_q(n) \frac{q+a}{n(c+a)} = \frac{c(q+a)}{c+a} p_q(n) \\ (n+1)p_q(n+1) = np_q(n) + \frac{c(q-1+a)}{c+a} p_{q-1}(n) - \frac{c(q+a)}{c+a} p_q(n) \\ & (n+1)p_0(n+1) = np_0(n) + 1 - \frac{ca}{c+a} p_0(n) \end{array}$

— power-law in-degree distribution $p_q \sim q^{-\gamma}$ with $\gamma > 2$

$$- p_q \text{ is in-degree distribution in limit } n \to \infty$$

$$\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty t^{x-1} e^{-t} dt \qquad B(x,y) = \frac{\Gamma(x)\Gamma(y)}{\Gamma(x+y)} \simeq x^{-y} \Gamma(y)$$

$$p_q = \frac{q+a-1}{q+a+1+a/c} p_{q-1} = \cdots = \frac{B(q+a,2+a/c)}{B(a,1+a/c)} \sim q^{-2-a/c}$$

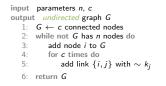
$$p_0 = \frac{1+a/c}{a+1+a/c}$$

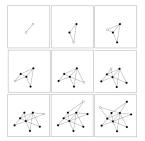
preferential G(n, c) model

- G(n, c) preferential attachment model [BA99]

- each new node *i* forms c > 0 undirected links
- node *j* receives links with probability $\sim k_i$

n, c given p_k unknown





preferential G(n, c) equation

- undirected G(n, c) is directed G(n, c, c) for $k_i = q_i + c$ - same master equation for in-degree distribution p_q

-
$$p_q$$
 is in-degree distribution *in limit* $n \to \infty$
 $p_q = \frac{B(q+c,2+c/c)}{B(c,1+c/c)} = \frac{B(q+c,3)}{B(c,2)} \sim q^{-3}$

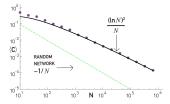
— power-law degree distribution $p_k \sim k^{-3}$

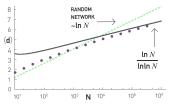
 $- p_k$ is degree distribution in limit $n \to \infty$

$$p_k = \frac{B(k,3)}{B(c,2)} = \dots = \frac{2c(c+1)}{k(k+1)(k+2)} \sim k^{-3}$$

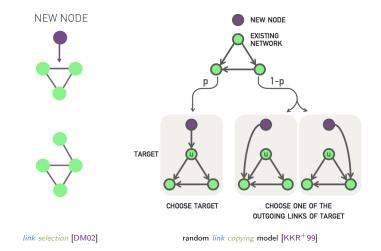
preferential ¬small-world

- random graphs are "small-world" as $\langle d \rangle \simeq \frac{\ln n}{\ln \langle k \rangle}$
- random graphs are not small-world as $\langle C \rangle = \frac{\langle k \rangle}{n-1}$
- scale-free networks $\gamma = 3$ are "small-world" as $\langle d \rangle \sim \frac{\ln n}{\ln \ln n}$
- G(n,c) scale-free model is not small-world as $\langle C \rangle \simeq \frac{(\ln n)^2}{n}$

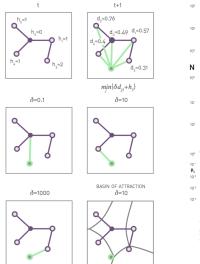


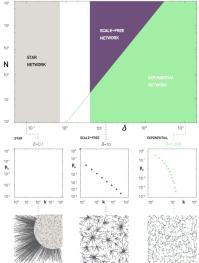


preferential models

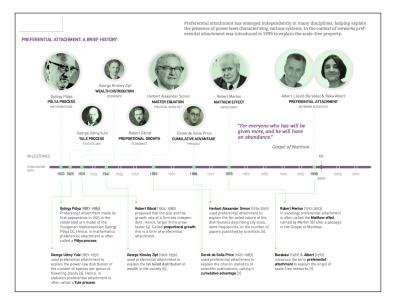


preferential optimization





preferential history



preferential references



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